

Jejak Pengabdian Bagi Negeri Tulehu

Dusun Rupaitu

BAKIRA: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat. bakira. EDUKASI DAN PELATIHAN PEMANTAUAN PERTUMBUHAN BALITA BAGI IBU SEBAGAI UPAYA DETEKSI DINI STUNTING DI NEGERI TULEHU KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH. The purpose of this community service is to provide education and training to mothers to detect early stunting in Tulehu Country. The Implementation Method consists of Preparation, Education and Training, Assistance in Posyandu activities, and Activity Monitoring. The results of the activity showed that there was an increase in mothers' knowledge after education and training. After education and training conducted direct monitoring and evaluation at the posyandu, the results showed increased mothers' knowledge in measuring and weighing toddlers' weight using anthropometry. In conclusion, there is an increase in the ability of mothers to detect stunting.

. Jurnal Agrosilvopasture-Tech. JASPT. Soil Characteristics Under Sago Stands (Metroxylon sp) Under Different Inundation Conditions in Rupaitu Negeri Tulehu Hamlet, Salahutu District, Central Maluku Regency.

s study aims to identify the characteristics of the soil that develops on sago land with different inundation conditions and determine the type of soil on sago land with different inundation conditions. The method used is survey method. Determination of the observation points of the soil profile at the study site was based on inundation conditions obtained through interviews with sago processing farmers at the study site. Soil characteristics on permanently flooded land are dominated by the color of glei wA hich has undergone a reduction process. On land with periodic inundation conditions that undergo an oxidation-reduction process is dominated by motling colors and in non-flooded conditions no glei or motling colors are found. In conditions of permanent inundation and periodic inundation, no identifying horizon has been found except in non-flooded conditions, a cambic (Bw) identifying horizon has been

found. The dominant soil formation factors are climate (rainfall) and topography. Rainfall and topography affect the depth of groundwater and inundation. The soil formation process that occurs is the gleization process in Gleisol soils and the leaching process occurs in Kambisol soils. Differences in soil types due to differences in inundation conditions are not yet clear, but the differences in soil types are clear, namely Gleisol hydrik (Typic hydraquents), Gleisol district (Typic epiaquepts) and Gleisol fluvik (Fluvaquentic epiaquepts) and Cambisol oxic (Typic dsytrudepts).

. JURNAL PENGABDIAN MASYARAKAT IRON. JURNAL PENGABDIAN MASYARAKAT IRON. RANCANG BANGUN SISTEM PENYIRAMAN TANAMAN SAYUR OTOMATIS BAGI PETANI DUSUN TAENO NEGERI RUMAH TIGA KOTA AMBON.

Desa Taeno Bawah terletak di Daerah Rumah tiga Kecamatan Teluk Ambon dengan jumlah penduduk ± 1000 Jiwa, Situasi dan kondisi tata letak Dusun Taeno, rata-rata penduduk hidup dari bercocok tanam (petani). Cara bercocok tanam masih dilakukan secara manual (proses penyiraman dan pemupukan), sehingga dapat berpengaruh pada hasil produksi yang mereka kerjakan. Dari cara penyiraman, untuk mengambil air masih menggunakan pikulan dan ember, sehingga kurang efisien dan waktu yang di butuhkan cukup banyak serta membutuhkan energy ekstra dalam bekerja. Dusun Taeno telah memiliki beberapa kelompok tani, masing-masing kelompok tani terdiri dari 8 orang. Mereka menanam tanaman sayur sayuran seperti cabe rawit (Cili), Tomat, Bawang Merah, Ketimun, Terong dan Papare (Pare). Tujuan akhir dalam pengabdian ini mulai dari merancang, pemasangan, pengoperasian serta perawatan dari sistem kelistrikan jaringan distribusi, control panel, instalasi listrik ke pompa celup bagi kelompok tani taeno mekar dusun taeno. Agar proses penyiraman tanaman yang dilakukan dapat terkontrol dan terjadwal dengan baik serta dapat meningkatkan hasil produksi tanaman dan tentunya dapat meningkatkan kesejahteraan pendapatan petani.

. Edu Dharma Journal: Jurnal penelitian dan pengabdian masyarakat. Edu Dharma j. : j. penelit dan pengabdi. masy.. Analisis Durasi Jam Kerja dengan Low Back Pain pada Nelayan di Dusun Mamokeng Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah.

Background: Low back pain (LBP) is a condition with discomfort or acute pain in the lower back in the fifth and sacral lumbar vertebrae. Low back pain (LBP) is the most common musculoskeletal disorder in the world. About 80% of adults will experience low back pain in their lifetime. One of the main causes of low back pain is moderate to vigorous physical activity. High physical activity has become a risk factor for low back pain, especially in adolescents and adults. In the adolescent to adult age group, a person has higher and heavier activities compared to children and the elderly. Activities carried out can be in the form of playing, exercising, working, and also studying. Objective: To determine the relationship between work duration and low back pain in fishermen from Mamokeng Village. Method: The implementation of this activity is carried out face to face from house to house with the aim of making it more effective, convincing and familiarizing the relationship between the researcher and the target as well as a quick response. Results: There is a relationship between the duration of working hours and lower back pain in fishermen in Mamokeng Negeri Tulehu Hamlet with $p = 0.001$. Suggestion: It is hoped that fishermen from Mamoken Village can reduce the duration of their work so that their health is maintained.

ABSTRAK Latar

Belakang: Low back pain (LBP) merupakan suatu keadaan dengan rasa tidak nyaman atau nyeri akut pada punggung bawah daerah ruas lumbalis kelima dan sakralis, Low back pain (LBP) kelainan musculoskeletal yang paling umum di dunia. Sekitar 80% orang dewasa akan mengalami low back pain di masa hidupnya. Salah satu penyebab utama dari low back pain adalah aktivitas fisik sedang hingga tinggi. Aktivitas fisik yang tinggi telah menjadi faktor risiko low back pain terutama pada remaja hingga dewasa. Pada kelompok umur remaja hingga dewasa, seseorang memiliki aktivitas yang lebih tinggi dan berat dibanding dengan anak-anak maupun lansia. Aktivitas yang dilakukan dapat berupa bermain, berolahraga, bekerja, dan juga belajar. Tujuan: Untuk mengetahui hubungan antara durasi kerja terhadap nyeri punggung bawah pada nelayan dusun mamokeng. Metode: Pelaksanaan kegiatan ini dilakukan secara langsung bertatap muka dari rumah ke rumah dengan sasaran sehingga lebih efektif, meyakinkan dan mengakrabkan hubungan antara peneliti dan sasaran serta cepatnya respon. Hasil: Terdapat hubungan antara durasi jam kerja dengan nyeri punggung bawah pada nelayan di Dusun Mamokeng Negeri Tulehu dengan nilai $p=0.001$. Saran: Diharapkan nelayan Desa mamoken dapat mengurangi durasi kerjanya sehingga kesehatannya tetap terjaga.

. MANGENTE: JURNAL PENGABDIAN KEPADA MASYARAKAT. MJPM. Pelatihan Pengelolaan Kelas Online Bagi Guru SMK Rijali Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah.

Abstract: The problem of education personnel in ICT (Information and Communication Technology) for teaching and learning activities is still often encountered in Indonesia, including in Sukoharjo Regency. Science and Technology for the Community (IbM) which will be implemented at SMK Rijali is an effort to increase teacher professionalism in terms of the use of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in learning. The output of IbM is in the form of a national journal with ISSN and a guide book. The general objective of implementing IbM is to increase teachers' understanding and skills regarding the use of ICT in online learning. The specific objectives of IbM include: (1) Teachers are able to use and manage online classes, (2) optimize existing information and communication technology facilities, and (3) increase the effectiveness, efficiency and attractiveness of learning. The methods that will be used in the implementation of IbM are socialization, practice, mentoring, and evaluation. This training material will be carried out in 2 stages where the first stage will focus more on providing information about materials related to the role of ICT in learning and the use of online classes. This information is very important so that the training participants get an idea of the role of ICT in learning, as well as the importance of training as a form of teacher self-development. The second stage of the training will focus on training on installation of online classes, management of learning materials, as well as making quizzes and online evaluation questions. With online classes, teachers are expected to be able to provide additional learning and evaluation anytime and anywhere. Evaluation of this activity is carried out during training activities and the results of making and managing online classes. Aspects that are evaluated are attendance, participant activity, participant understanding of the material that has been given. The criteria for achieving the program in each aspect are the attendance of participants, activities in good category, and level of understanding of the material in good category

Keywords: Teacher Professionalism, Online Class

Abstrak: Persoalan tenaga pendidikan dalam TIK (Teknologi Informasi dan Komunikasi) untuk kegiatan belajar mengajar masih sering di jumpai di indonesia termasuk di kabupaen Sukoharjo. Ipteks bagi Masyarakat (IbM) yang akan dilaksanakan di SMK Rijali

merupakan satu bentuk upaya peningkatan profesionalisme guru dalam hal pemanfaatan Information and Communication Technology (ICT) dalam pembelajaran. Luaran IbM ini berupa jurnal nasional berISSN dan buku panduan. Tujuan umum pelaksanaan IbM adalah meningkatkan pemahaman dan keterampilan kepada guru tentang pemanfaatan ICT dalam pembelajaran online. Tujuan khusus dari IbM ini diantaranya: (1) Guru mampu menggunakan dan mengelola kelas Online, (2) mengoptimalkan fasilitas teknologi informasi dan komunikasi yang ada, serta (3) meningkatkan keefektifan, efisiensi dan daya tarik pembelajaran. Metode yang akan digunakan pada pelaksanaan IbM yaitu sosialisasi, praktek, pendampingan, dan evaluasi. Materi pelatihan ini akan dilakukan dalam 2 tahap dimana tahap pertama akan lebih fokus dalam memberikan informasi tentang materi berkaitan dengan peranan ICT dalam pembelajaran dan pemanfaatan kelas online. Informasi ini sangat penting dilakukan supaya para peserta pelatihan mendapatkan gambaran mengenai peran ICT dalam pembelajaran, serta pentingnya pelatihan sebagai bentuk pengembangan diri guru. Tahap kedua pelatihan akan fokus pada pelatihan instalasi pembuatan kelas online, pengelolaan materi pembelajaran, serta pembuatan kuis maupun soal evaluasi online. Dengan kelas online guru diharapkan bisa memberikan pembelajaran tambahan maupun evaluasi kapanpun dan dimanapun. Evaluasi kegiatan ini dilakukan saat berlangsungnya kegiatan pelatihan dan hasil pembuatan dan pengelolaan kelas online. Aspek yang dievaluasi adalah kehadiran, aktivitas peserta, pemahaman peserta terhadap materi yang telah diberikan. Kriteria pencapaian program setiap aspek adalah kehadiran peserta, aktivitas berkategori baik, dan tingkat pemahaman materi berkategori baik Kata kunci: Profesionalisme Guru, Kelas Online

. JUPEIS : Jurnal Pendidikan dan Ilmu Sosial. JUPEIS. Peran Pendamping Desa dan Hubungannya Dengan Partisipasi Masyarakat Dalam Pembangunan di Negeri Tulehu, Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah (Studi Kasus Dusun Rupasitu Desa Tulehu).

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian yang menggunakan metode kuantitatif bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara peran pendamping desa dengan partisipasi masyarakat di Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah. Rumusan masalah dalam penelitian ini adalah apakah ada hubungannya yang signifikan antara partisipasi masyarakat dalam pembangunan di Negeri Tulehu

Kecamatan Salahutu Maluku Tengah. Subjek penelitian adalah peran pendamping desa dan hubungannya dengan partisipasi masyarakat dalam pembangunan di Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Maluku Tengah. Serta objek penelitian ialah terfokus pada Dusun Rupaitu, Negeri Tulehu, Kecamatan Salahutu, Kabupaten Maluku Tengah. Dilihat dari hasil analisis bahwa ada hubungan yang signifikan antara peran pendamping desa dengan partisipasi masyarakat dalam pembangunan di Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah. Hubungan tersebut berada pada hubungan yang sedang atau korelasi yang sedang. Dapat disimpulkan bahwa bila mana ada terjadi pada variabel bebas maka akan terjadi pula perubahan pada variabel terikat serta ada hubungan yang signifikan antara peran pendamping desa dengan partisipasi masyarakat dalam pembangunan di Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah dapat diterima daya keberlakuannya atau hipotesis yang diajukan dalam penelitian ini teruji keberartiannya, karena data yang dikumpulkan dari penelitian lapangan sejalan dengan teori yang digunakan.

. Jurnal Abdi Insani. JAI. PENDAMPINGAN BUDIDAYA IKAN LELE SEBAGAI USAHA KETAHANAN PANGAN BAGI MASYARAKAT DUSUN SERI NEGERI URIMESSING.

Dusun Seri Negeri Urimessing adalah salah satu lokasi di Ambon yang terkenal dengan kegiatan budidaya air tawarnya. Pendampingan sangat diperlukan untuk membantu masyarakat dalam memahami dan menjalankan usaha budidaya ikan lele demi mewujudkan program ketahanan pangan Nasional. Budidaya ikan lele meliputi proses pemeliharaan, pemberian pakan, manajemen kualitas air, dan manajemen kesehatan ikan dan benih sangatlah penting bagi masyarakat di Dusun Seri. Kegiatan ini sendiri melibatkan 21 orang dari kelompok-kelompok pembudidaya di Dusun Seri, Negeri Urimessing Kota Ambon serta pelaksanaannya pada 13 Februari 2025. Kegiatan ini terdiri atas 3 tahapan, yaitu persiapan teknis, penyampaian materi, dan diskusi. Materi yang disampaikan meliputi: Pemilihan organisme budidaya, persiapan wadah pemeliharaan, pendederan, pemberian pakan, pemeliharaan dan manajemen kualitas air, panen serta pemasaran. Hasil diskusi didapatkan bahwa masyarakat Dusun Seri mengalami beberapa kendala dalam melaksanakan budidaya ikan lele diantaranya: ketersediaan pakan yang bergantung kepada alam, bibit ikan yang sulit didapatkan, penanganan ikan fenomena lele yang

menggantung serta pemasaran ikan pasca panen yang minim. Diskusi dan pertanyaan dua arah menggambarkan antusiasme yang baik dari masyarakat pembudidaya ikan lele di Dusun Seri. Kegiatan pendampingan yang dilakukan memperoleh respon positif dari kelompok budidaya ikan lele di Dusun Seri Negeri Urimessing sehingga berjalan lancar. Budidaya ikan lele sudah berlangsung sekitar 1 tahun dengan kendala utama pemasaran. Sumber air tawar yang melimpah menjadi keunggulan, sehingga kualitas air bukan masalah utama. Pemberian pakan dilakukan secara konvensional dengan menggunakan jeroan ikan tuna atau cakalang serta semut dari hutan sekitar.

. Jurnal Pengabdian Siliwangi. JSPPM. PELATIHAN TATALAKSANA BANGUNAN TAHAN GEMPA BAGI WARGA DUSUN KULON, DUSUN WETAN, DUSUN SUKAWANGI, DUSUN CINTAMULYA DI DESA BAYASARI KECAMATAN JATINAGARA.

Kegiatan Pengabdian ini bertema penyuluhan dan pelatihan tatalaksana bangunan tahan gempa kepada warga Dusun Kulon, Dusun Wetan, Dusun Sukawangi, Dusun Cintamulya di Desa Bayasari Kecamatan Jatinagara Kabupaten Ciamis. Wilayah Indonesia memiliki banyak daerah yang mempunyai tingkat resiko gempa tinggi, provinsi Jawa barat khususnya Desa Bayasari Kecamatan Jatinagara merupakan daerah yang berada pada cincin api yang mengitari daerah pesisir pulau Jawa.. Menyadari akan keadaan tersebut, perlu kiranya untuk mengkampanyekan konsep rumah tahan gempa kepada masyarakat Jawa Barat. Partisipasi pelaku jasa konstruksi dan perguruan tinggi untuk lebih meningkatkan kemampuan para tenaga terampil khususnya Warga desa Bayasari, tukang kayu dan tukang batu diyakini mempunyai potensi yang besar dalam mendukung pembangunan di Indonesia. Salah satunya melalui upaya introduksi langsung oleh perguruan tinggi kepada Warga desa Bayasari mengenai bangunan tahan gempa, dengan kegiatan tersebut, di samping menambah wawasan warga Desa Bayasari itu sendiri, juga dapat bermanfaat kepada masyarakat yang nantinya akan mempergunakan tenaga pekerja konstruksi dalam mendapatkan bangunan tahan gempa.

. GEMASSIKA : Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat. gemassika. PENGABDIAN PADA MASYARAKAT TERPADU (PPMT) BAGI LANSIA DUSUN KRAJAN, DESA MAJAKSINGI, KABUPATEN MAGELANG.

Peningkatan Usia Harapan Hidup berdampak munculnya penyakit degeneratif pada lansia. Di Dusun Krajan, Desa Majaksingi, Kecamatan Borobudur terdapat 192 (56,6%) orang lansia. Dari 192 lansia ditemukan 68 orang mengalami hipertensi, 31 orang mengalami diabetes melitus, 30 orang mengalami kolesterol tinggi, 34 orang mengalami asam urat tinggi, dan 29 orang mengalami rematik. Program Pengabdian Masyarakat Terpadu ini bertujuan untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan kader posyandu lansia tentang masalah kesehatan lansia serta upaya pencegahannya sehingga diharapkan status kesehatan lansia meningkat. Metode yang digunakan adalah metode pemberdayaan masyarakat dengan model Participatory Rural Appraisal. Setelah dilakukan sosialisasi dan pelatihan, kader memahami tentang penyakit pada lansia dan pencegahannya serta terampil dalam melaksanakan akupresur, senam lansia, senam kaki dan senam otak. Masyarakat juga berperan aktif saat penanaman tanaman obat keluarga untuk mencegah penyakit pada lansia seperti jahe, kencur, mentimun, bayam, lidah buaya, temu ireng, temu giring, dlingo, bengkle, dan kapulogo. Pendampingan dilakukan selama tiga minggu untuk menjamin keberlanjutan program yang sudah diajarkan kepada masyarakat. Dari hasil evaluasi yang dilaksanakan oleh tim, masyarakat sudah bisa melanjutkan kegiatan-kegiatan yang diajarkan pada saat PPMT, bahkan telah ditunjuk satu orang personal yang bertanggung jawab untuk melanjutkan kegiatan. Luaran kegiatan berupa publikasi di media masa, poster, video kegiatan dan artikel ilmiah.

. MAREN: Jurnal Pengabdian dan Pemberdayaan Masyarakat. MJPPM. PkM
KETERAMPILAN MENGGOSOK GIGI SISWA SD NEGERI 5 TULEHU
KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH.

Pemahaman tentang kesehatan gigi dan mulut bagi anak usia sekolah perlu ditingkatkan agar tidak terjadi masalah kesehatan gigi seperti karies gigi, plak dan gigi berlubang. Pelayanan kesehatan gigi dan mulut yang diberikan oleh Petugas kesehatan selama ini hanya sebatas ceramah dan melihat buku gambar sehingga dirasa kurang menarik bagi siswa yang berdampak pada tidak ada peningkatan pengetahuan maupun keterampilan untuk mengatasi maupun mencegah terjadinya masalah kesehatan gigi pada siswa. Dengan melihat kondisi yang ada, maka Tim PkM Universitas Kristen Indonesia Maluku (UKIM) Ambon berinisiatif mendekati pihak Sekolah SD Negeri 5 Tulehu untuk mendiskusikan masalah-masalah terkait kesehatan gigi dan mulut. Dari hasil diskusi, terlihat banyak masalah yang dihadapi

seperti: (1) Sebagian besar siswa tidak menggosok gigi saat akan ke sekolah; (2) Kurangnya keterampilan melakukan cara menggosok gigi dengan benar; (3) Tidak ada poster tentang Kesehatan Gigi dan Mulut di kelas; (4) Siswa sering absen akibat sakit gigi; (5) Sekolah tidak memiliki UKS untuk mengatasi keluhan gigi pada siswa saat di sekolah; (6) Program UKGS dari Puskesmas dilakukan hanya setahun sekali dengan kegiatan penyuluhan dan pemeriksaan tanpa melakukan simulasi untuk meningkatkan keterampilan siswa dalam menggosok gigi; (7) Guru tidak dilatih untuk melakukan screening dan membuat rujukan bagi siswa yang mengalami masalah kesehatan gigi di sekolah; (8) Sekolah tidak memiliki kantin sehat; (9) Para guru berjualan di dalam kelas dan lebih banyak permen, chiki dan kacang-kacangan. Berdasarkan masalah dan rencana solusi yang telah didiskusikan dengan mitra, maka Tim mengimplementasikan: (1) penyuluhan tentang kesehatan gigi dengan metode audiovisual; (2) melakukan simulasi menggosok gigi secara baik dan benar; (3) melakukan pemeriksaan gigi siswa; (4) melakukan pendampingan melalui Focus Discussion Group dengan para guru terkait sistem rujukan bagi siswa yang mengalami masalah kesehatan gigi. Luaran dari kegiatan ini telah dipublikasikan pada media cetak online: <https://ameks.id/sosialisasi-kesehatan-mulut>, dan koran Ambon Ekspres (Edisi Rabu, 13 November 2019, Hal. 16). Video kegiatan juga telah diupload pada channel youtube: <https://youtu.be/nrAls65ayAw>.

. BAKIRA: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat. bakira. EDUKASI DAN PRAKTEK PEMBUATAN BIODIESEL DARI LIMBAH MINYAK JELANTAH BAGI IBU-IBU MAJELIS TA'LIM AL-HIJRAH DUSUN AIR ALI NEGERI RUMAH TIGA KECAMATAN TELUK AMBON KOTA AMBON.

Most people, especially in rural areas, do not know the dangers of used cooking oil for health when reused. Used cooking oil that is no longer used should not be thrown into the environment because it can cause environmental pollution (soil and water). Used cooking oil can be processed into biodiesel as an alternative fuel, so it can be a source of additional income. This Community Service (PkM) activity aims to provide education about the dangers of used cooking oil for human health and the environment, as well as practice how to process used cooking oil into biodiesel for the women of the Al-Hijrah Ta'lim Assembly, Air Ali Hamlet, Negeri Rumah Tiga, Ambon. . The methods used in this PkM activity are lecture, demonstration and practice methods. All participants were very enthusiastic about participating in this

PkM activity until the end. After following the education delivered by the lecturers, all participants became aware and aware of the dangers of used cooking oil for health and the environment. The participants were also very happy because they gained knowledge about how to process used cooking oil into biodiesel. This PkM activity has had a very positive impact on the surrounding community in Air Ali Hamlet.

. Jurnal Pengabdian UntukMu NegeRI. Jurnal Pengabdian UMRI. PELATIHAN MANAJEMEN KEHUMASAN SEKOLAH BAGI SEKOLAH MENENGAH KEJURUAN (SMK) NEGERI 4 PEKANBARU.

Vocational High School (SMK) is held as a secondary school from SMP / MTs in accordance with their talents, interests and abilities in order to meet the needs / job opportunities that are and will develop in the area. Maximizing the potential of vocational schools can be done by carrying out the public relations function to shape the image and reputation of the school so that it is able to compete with high schools (SMA). Especially in SMK N 4 Pekanbaru which has great potential to be socialized to the public. In connection with the Public Relations Study Program is committed to contributing with institutions including schools to be able to carry out their public relations functions properly.

. Jurnal Pengabdian UntukMu NegeRI. Jurnal Pengabdian UMRI. Penyuluhan Kesehatan “Dermatitis” Di Mushollah Abdurrahman Dusun li Desa Suka Mulya Kecamatan Bangkinang Kabupaten Kampar.

Kegiatan penyuluhan dermatitis ini bertujuan memberikan pengetahuan dan pemahaman kepada para masyarakat di Dusun II Desa Suka Mulya Kecamatan Bangkinang Kabupaten Kampar tentang Dermatitis, dengan menyebutkan pengertian Dermatitis, faktor penyebab terjadinya Dermatitis, macam macam Dermatitis, serta cara pengobatan dermatitis mempraktekkan langsung senam lansia bersama para lansia di Desa Suka Mulya. Kegiatan penyuluhan kesehatan dermatitis di dusun II kepada para masyarakat Desa Suka Mulya, yang di lakukan selama 30 menit di Dusun II, yang di laksanakan pada hari/ tanggal Sabtu, 30 januari 2021 pukul 14.00 WIB s/d selesai.

. Jurnal Pengabdian UntukMu NegeRI. Jurnal Pengabdian UMRI. Pelatihan Komunikasi Efektif Pada Lansia Bagi Kader Posyandu.

Posyandu cadres are the main driving pillars in health development. The knowledge and skills of cadres are needed and need to be improved in order to carry out their cadre roles well. This community service aims to improve the knowledge and skills of elderly Posyandu cadres in communicating effectively with the elderly when performing their duties. This training was conducted in the Sidomulyo Inpatient Health Center area of Pekanbaru Riau with 8 participants. The instrument used to measure knowledge uses a questionnaire consisting of 10 questions. The knowledge of cadres is measured before and after training. The results of the training measurement found an increase in the average knowledge of cadres before and after training by 2.88 points. The average knowledge before training was 5.87 and the average knowledge after training was 8.75. The results of this community service show that training can improve knowledge and skills. The Puskesmas should be able to provide other training for Puskesmas cadres

. Jurnal Abdi Masyarakat Indonesia. Jur. Abd. Masy. Ind. (JAMSI). Sosialisasi dan Simulasi Pemberian Bantuan Hidup Dasar pada Nelayan Dusun Mamokeng Negeri Tulehu Kecamatan Salahutu Kabupaten Maluku Tengah.

Bantuan Hidup Dasar (BHD) merupakan suatu tindakan mempertahankan kepatenan jalan napas dan sirkulasi tanpa membutuhkan alat sehingga bisa dilakukan dimana saja dan kapan saja dengan tindakan yang disingkat DRABC (Danger, Response, Airway, Breathing, Circulation) (JMS,119). Kegiatan ini bertujuan untuk memberikan sosialisasi dan simulasi bantuan hidup dasar pada nelayan dusun Mamokeng Negeri Tulehu. Pelaksanaan kegiatan ini dilakukan secara langsung bertatap muka dengan sasaran sehingga lebih efektif, meyakinkan dan mengakrabkan hubungan antara penyuluh dan sasaran serta cepatnya respon. Hasil kegiatan masyarakat memahami dan mengerti tentang BHD (bantuan hidup dasar) pada orang yang henti jantung dan henti nafas dengan adanya tanya jawab antara penyuluh dan sasaran serta peningkatan pengetahuan dari Pretest ke Post-test.

. Jurnal Pengabdian UntukMu NegeRI. Jurnal Pengabdian UMRI. Peningkatan Dukungan Sosial Bagi Kesehatan Mental Remaja Di SMA Negeri 7 Pekanbaru. Abstrak Kesehatan mental menjadi isu yang hangat diperbincangkan di dunia Pendidikan, dimana lebih dari 50% remaja menunjukkan permasalahan perilaku, emosi, dan belajar yang berpengaruh terhadap proses pembelajaran. Kondisi

kesehatan mental remaja di Indonesia masih dilatarbelakangi oleh pengalaman remaja di bidang akademik dan non akademik yang dikarenakan remaja lebih banyak menghabiskan waktunya disekolah. Pengetahuan dan pemahaman remaja sangat penting dalam membantu dirinya sendiri dalam mempersiapkan remaja menghadapi risiko dan meningkatkan kesehatan mentalnya. Pendidikan kesehatan tentang kesehatan mental remaja di sekolah dan komunitas harus lebih disosialisasikan sehingga membantu mengurangi stigma dan meningkatkan pemahaman pentingnya kesehatan mental. Penyuluhan kesehatan mental di SMA 7 Pekanbaru bertujuan meningkatkan pengetahuan siswa tentang kesehatan mental secara signifikan melalui berbagai metode pembelajaran, seperti ceramah, diskusi kelompok, workshop interaktif, dan sesi konseling individu, siswa memperoleh pemahaman tentang kesehatan mental. Kegiatan ini menghasilkan bahwa pemahaman siswa meningkat secara substansial setelah penyuluhan, dengan peningkatan kemampuan dalam mengenali gejala dan menerapkan strategi koping. Dukungan dari guru, staf sekolah, dan orang tua juga menjadi faktor kunci dalam kesuksesan program ini. Penyuluhan ini tidak hanya bermanfaat bagi siswa namun memberikan pelatihan penting bagi tenaga pendidik dan meningkatkan kesadaran orang tua tentang pentingnya kesehatan mental remaja.

. SAMBARA: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat. SAMBARA: PKM. Pembinaan Akhlak Bagi Remaja Dusun Teluk Melalui Kajian Taklimul Mutaallim.

Morals have a very important position, because morals are one of the pillars of religion. This can be seen from the source of morals, where the source of morals comes from revelation. Therefore, moral development at a young age is very important to ensure that they can develop into individuals who are ethical and have noble character. Therefore, a moral development program for teenagers through the study of Taklimul Mutaallim is really needed because the book Taklimul Mutaallim, a classic book in Islamic education, offers practical guidance on ethics and morals in the learning process. This book emphasizes the importance of sincere intentions, patience, perseverance, and respect for teachers and knowledge. These values are very relevant in shaping the character of teenagers in the modern era who are often faced with various negative influences. The method used in this service is a service learning strategy. Service learning is a teaching and learning strategy that is carried out by integrating learning carried out in the classroom with community needs

and problems. Meanwhile, the results of this service can have a positive impact not only on teenagers but also on society. The impact felt by the community after this activity is as follows: first, the return of the values of honor and manners, second, increased involvement of teenagers in social activities, third, improved relations between generations

. Kawanad : Jurnal Pengabdian kepada Masyarakat. kjpkm. Pelatihan Administrasi Bagi Aparat Dusun Sarsangg.

The problem faced by Hamlet Sarsangg, Tanah Miring District, Merauke Regency is the difficulty in managing administration because Hamlet Sarsangg is still attached to Kampung Yasa Mulya which is quite far away and public transportation is not available. Therefore, counseling and administrative training activities were carried out using the counseling and training method which consisted of 3 stages, namely counseling on the importance of administrative activities, administrative training using Microsoft Office software, and archiving training. The people who were involved in this service activity were the Sarsang Hamlet Bamuskam, the Head of the RT of Sarsangg Hamlet, and the Head of the RW of Sarsangg Hamlet. The expected result of this community service activity is that Sarsangg Hamlet officials have the ability in administrative activities and administrative filing. It is hoped that the acquired skills will become material for consideration for the Regional Government of Merauke Regency to make Sarsangg Hamlet a definitive Sarsangg Village, especially in terms of human resources who have good administrative skills. Administrative extension and training activities are expected to help the people of Sarsangg Hamlet in administrative matters and improve the quality of human resources in Sarsangg Hamlet.

. Jurnal Pengabdian UntukMu Negeri. Jurnal Pengabdian UMRI. PEMANFAATAN SMARTPHONE ANDROID SEBAGAI MEDIA PEMBELAJARAN BAGI GURU SMA NEGERI 2 KOTA PEKANBARU.

Pengabdian pada masyarakat yang dilakukan bertujuan untuk menciptakan tenaga pendidik yang mampu memanfaatkan smartphone sebagai media pembelajaran. Berdasarkan tujuan tersebut maka target konkrit yang ingin dicapai adalah membangkitkan kompetensi guru untuk dapat mengembangkan produk media pembelajaran berbasis smartphone. Untuk mencapai tujuan dan target dari kegiatan pengabdian maka metode yang dilakukan adalah melalui kegiatan pelatihan

dan pendampingan secara berkala sehingga didapatkan kompetensi yang ingin dicapai yaitu memanfaatkan smartphone sebagai media pembelajaran. Rencana kegiatan yang dilakukan meliputi Lokakarya dasar-dasar teknologi pembelajaran, Lokakarya pengembangan smartphone dan pemanfaatannya, Lokakarya pemanfaatan smartphone dalam bidang pendidikan, Pelatihan pengembangan media pembelajaran berbasis smartphone, Pelatihan publikasi dan produksi media pembelajaran berbasis smartphone, Pelatihan pelaksanaan evaluasi produk media pembelajaran.

. BangDimas Jurnal Pengembangan dan Pengabdian Masyarakat. JPPM.

Penyuluhan Pencegahan Stunting Bagi Ibu Hamil dan Balita di Dusun Baru
Kecamatan Tabir.

Stunting merupakan kondisi gagal tumbuh pada anak balita akibat kekurangan gizi kronis yang menyebabkan tinggi badan anak lebih pendek dari standar usianya. Kekurangan gizi ini umumnya terjadi pada periode 1.000 Hari Pertama Kehidupan (HPK), yaitu sejak masa kehamilan hingga anak berusia 23 bulan, meskipun dampaknya baru tampak setelah usia dua tahun. Kegiatan pengabdian ini bertujuan untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan ibu hamil dan ibu balita mengenai pencegahan stunting sejak dini melalui pendekatan edukatif. Penyuluhan dilaksanakan pada tanggal 6–18 Mei 2024 di lima posyandu Kelurahan Dusun Baru, Kecamatan Tabir, dengan metode total sampling berdasarkan jadwal rutin pelayanan posyandu oleh lima bidan desa. Peserta kegiatan terdiri dari ibu hamil dan ibu balita yang hadir di setiap posyandu dengan jumlah rata-rata sekitar 25 orang. Metode edukatif dilakukan melalui ceramah dan pemutaran video edukasi, serta dilengkapi dengan media leaflet. Kegiatan ini juga mencakup pemeriksaan kesehatan berupa pengukuran berat dan tinggi badan, pemberian imunisasi, serta distribusi makanan bergizi. Hasil kegiatan menunjukkan antusiasme tinggi dari peserta dan dukungan penuh dari bidan desa serta pihak puskesmas. Edukasi yang diberikan dinilai efektif dalam meningkatkan pemahaman masyarakat mengenai pentingnya pencegahan stunting sebagai upaya meningkatkan kualitas tumbuh kembang anak.

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correction factors labor code of the republic of azerbaijan republic canadian*

1756 IF16H MANUA

Proceedings of the International Conference on Industrial Engineering and Operations Management. Park Model using Concentrated-Solar-Power Photovoltaics. Food Process and Technology Analysis Laboratory Manua. KREASI. KREASI. ARSITEKTUR INTERIOR HOTEL SIGNATURE DI BALI.

Dewsign Interior is an interior design consultant that focus on hotel and hospitality design project. Lead by the founder herself, Dewi Lanny Manua, Dewsign Interior with the help pf experienced staffs are ready to make the best interior and hotel designs that meet the clients expectation. Located in Surabaya, Dewsign Interior provide service to all across Indonesia. Currently Dewsign Interior is working on design project of Signature hotel, Bali. Signature hotel is a three star hotel located at Intan Permai street, Gang Berlian Kerobokan, Badung, Bali. The total land area of this hotel is 2000 m2, with 705 m2 will be designed by Dewsign Interior. With tropical concept and using natural material, this hotel plan to give warm and comfort feelings for all the guests. Dewsign Interior choose the tropical signature concept for this hotel, which is combination from natural material (palimanan stone, jati wood and merbau wood) and the other combination is the shape of the hotel's logo (celtic maze).

. American Anthropologist. American Anthropologist. OCEANIA: *Social Organization of Manua*. Margaret Mead. IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2016: e.T49254504A49256585. Polythore manua: Hoffmann, J., Paulson, D. & Tennessen, K.. Jurnal Pengabdian Masyarakat STIE Surakarta. DIMASETA. Literasi Akuntansi UMKM Di Kelompok Sadar Wisata Manua Tirta Ponggok Polanharjo Klaten.

Literasi Akuntansi Usaha Mikro Kecil dan Menengah di Kelompok Sadar Wisata Manua Tirta Ponggok Polanharjo Klaten bertujuan untuk memberikan pengetahuan dan pemahaman akuntansi sehingga mampu mengaplikasikan dalam pengelolaan usaha yang berdampak pada pengembangan Usaha Mikro Kecil dan Menengah,

sementara itu pengembangan usaha pada skala mikro untuk memberikan peningkatan pendapatan masyarakat berpendapatan rendah di perdesaan. Kegiatan pengabdian ini dilaksanakan secara offline yang diikuti oleh 22 peserta yang terdiri dari pelaku Usaha Mikro Kecil dan Menengah yang masuk kelompok sadar wisata Manua Tirta di desa Ponggok, Kecamatan Polanharjo, Kabupaten Klaten. Kegiatan pengabdian ini berjalan dengan lancar sesuai perencanaan. Metode yang digunakan dalam kegiatan pengabdian ini adalah dengan melakukan pelatihan dan diskusi yang berkaitan dengan materi akuntansi usaha kecil bagi pelaku Usaha Mikro Kecil dan Menengah. Hasil dari kegiatan ini adalah para peserta mengetahui dan memahami tentang akuntansi Usaha Mikro Kecil dan Menengah pengembangan usaha supaya dapat meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat.

. Marine Policy. Marine Policy. Marine reserve phenomenon in the Pacific islands. BAHASTRA. Keterampilan membaca puisi siswa sebuah modifikasi teknik membaca puisi Jose Rizal Manua. American Journal of Sociology. American Journal of Sociology. *Social Organization of Manua*. Margaret Mead. Chest. Chest. A CASE REPORT OF SHRINKING LUNG SYNDROME IN MIXED CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASE. Research Advances and Challenges in Agricultural Sciences Vol. 1. Effect of Fertilizer on Cucumber (*Cucumis sativus* L.) under Greenhouse Conditions. ECWS-7 2023. Enhancement of Atmospheric Water Harvesting via Salt-Infused Sponges and Peltier Devices. On a New Method to Design Solar Photovoltaic Systems in Renewable Energy Communities: The Case of Culatra Island (Ria Formosa, Portugal). Jurnal Hubungan Internasional. JHI. Civil Society, Global Environmental Governance, dan Indigenous People: Kiprah Masyarakat Dayak Iban Manua Sungai Utik dalam Menghambat Laju Deforestasi.

Artikel ini berasal dari penelitian dengan pertanyaan bagaimana peran Masyarakat Adat Iban Menua Sungai Utik sebagai Civil society dalam Tata Kelola Lingkungan? Tujuan artikel ini untuk mendeskripsikan peran Masyarakat Adat Iban Menua Sungai Utik sebagai Civil society dalam Tata Kelola Lingkungan. Pertanyaan dan tujuan di atas muncul karena adanya asumsi tentang relasi erat masyarakat Dayak Iban dengan alam, khususnya hutan. Hubungan tersebut menciptakan relasi khusus antara masyarakat dan lingkungannya dalam format tata kelola sendiri yang berfungsi untuk mapping dan regulasi etika pengelolaan wilayah. Sebagai bagian dari civil society dalam global environmental governance, masyarakat Dayak Iban Sungai Utik

tidak hanya mampu melakukan internalisasi nilai-nilai tradisi mereka. Selain itu, juga memiliki *bargain position* yang cukup kuat sehingga memiliki kekuatan politik untuk advokasi atas hak mereka sebagai masyarakat adat serta terhadap lingkungan. Mereka meraih penghargaan sebagai Kabupaten Konservasi pada 2003. Selain itu, juga mendapatkan pengakuan dan perlindungan hak adat pada 2018, serta Equator Prize Award.

. Social Service Review. Social Service Review. *"Principles in the Administration of Social Agencies: A Manua"*. David Weiss. Environment, Development and Sustainability. Environ Dev Sustain. Multi-criteria-based decision making approach for soil erosion susceptibility modelling of Sali River Basin, Bankura, India. Jurnal Biologi Tropis. JBT. Utilization of Medicinal Plants: Case Study in Kelayam Sub-village Manua Sadap Village Kapuas Hulu Regency.

Most of the people in the Kelayam sub-village, Manua Sadap village, come from the dayak Iban tribe. Their lives are close to the forest, and they still hold on to their cultural customs are undoubtedly interesting for research, primarily how they use the plants in the forest as part of their traditional medicine. This study aims to record and analyze the medicinal plants used by the people of the Kelayam sub-village, Manua Sadap village, Kapuas Hulu Regency. We conducted this research using a survey method with a sampling technique, and the respondents were selected with a snowball sampling. The results showed that the people of the Kelayam sub-village, Manua Sadap village used 21 medicinal plants for various treatments such as to treat wounds, skin diseases, muscle pain, hypertension, cholesterol, stomach pain, and to treat toothache. There are 17 families of medicinal plants used by the community, and the most dominant is from the Rubiaceae family. The highest utilization of plant parts is leaves (67%) by boiling (31%) and pounding (30%) and the use of plants by drunk and patched, each of which has the same value (32%). The data on medicinal plants in the Kelayam sub-village, Manua Sadap Village, adds to the wealth of knowledge of traditional medicinal plants in Kapuas Hulu Regency, especially in the Iban Dayak community.

. Jurnal Pengabdian Masyarakat STIE Surakarta. DIMASETA. Pelatihan Perhitungan Persediaan dan Pembukuan Sederhana Untuk UMKM di Pokdarwis Manua Tirta Ponggok Polanharjo Klaten.

Pokdarwis Manua Tirta Ponggok Polanharjo Klaten merupakan salah satu desa wisata yang memiliki cukup banyak UMKM. Sistem pembukuan akuntansi merupakan hal yang sangat penting bagi UMKM, namun faktanya UMKM yang ada di Pokdarwis Manua Tirta Ponggok Polanharjo Klaten masih banyak yang belum menerapkan sistem pembukuan. Oleh karena itu penting adanya penyuluhan dan pendampingan terkait pembukuan akuntansi secara sederhana bagi UMKM. Metode yang dilakukan adalah dengan cara memberikan materi yang terkait terlebih dahulu dan melakukan pendampingan selama 2 bulan. Adapun hasil dari pengabdian ini pelaku UMKM lebih mengerti dan paham mengenai penyusunan pembukuan akuntansi. Dengan pembukuan akuntansi yang lebih jelas, maka bisnis UMKM tersebut dapat berkembang lebih baik.

. In Dialogue/En Diálogo. dialogue. Talk Story: The Experiences of Teaching Special Education During The Pandemic.

The pandemic was a challenging time for everyone. In order to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, many schools around the world were forced to close. To continue to meet the educational needs of students, educators transitioned instruction to distance learning. This abrupt shift may have had adverse effects on students with disabilities and the teachers who work with them. Thus, the purpose of this manuscript is to provide special education teachers an opportunity to share their pandemic related teaching experiences.

. Revista Odisseia. uma possível leitura do conto O Diário de Manua, de Ungulani Ba Ka Khossa. RO. Colonialismo, racismo e a demonização do corpo negro.

Ungulani Ba Ka Khosa é um dos mais prestigiados escritores moçambicanos, seu primeiro livro Ualalapi (1987) é considerado um dos cem melhores livros africanos. O escritor revisita o passado documentado de Moçambique, a partir das memórias e de histórias tradicionais. Seus textos podem ser compreendidos como recontações desses fatos históricos, em sua maioria, na contramão das versões oficiais. O presente artigo pretende evidenciar as discussões sobre o racismo e a demonização dos africanos presentes no conto, além de trazer à baila situações vividas por estes povos durante a colonização portuguesa. O estudo será realizado por meio da análise crítica e comparativa do texto literário. Constatamos que Khosa representa, através do texto analisado, o poder destrutivo das violências sofridas pelos africanos, não apenas durante a colonização como também nas primeiras tentativas

de estabelecimento de certa diplomacia. As contribuições de Cabaço (2009), Fanon (2008) e Mbembe (2018) servirão de escopo teórico-crítico da análise.

OF PETROLEUM MEASUREMENT STANDARDS

CHAPTER 11 1 VOLUME CORRECTION FACTORS

What is the volume correction factor? The volume correction factor is used to consider the temperature, pressure and atmospheric conditions at a property. This factor is typically 1.02264 unless your property has unusual atmospheric conditions.

What is volume correction factor ASTM? Volume correction factors are used to adjust bulk volumes measured at those temperatures to corresponding volumes at a base temperature of 15°C or [60°F] for the purposes of custody transfer and accounting operations.

What is the CTL correction factor? In thermodynamics, the Volume Correction Factor (VCF), also known as Correction for the effect of Temperature on Liquid (CTL), is a standardized computed factor used to correct for the thermal expansion of fluids, primarily, liquid hydrocarbons at various temperatures and densities.

Which API chapter contains temperature, pressure, volume, correction factor routines for cargo quantity calculations? Measurement Standards (MPMS), designated as Chapter 11.1 “Temperature and Pressure Volume Correction Factors for Generalized Crude Oils, Refined Products, and Lubricating Oils” after 4+ years of work.

How is correction factor calculated? The amount blood glucose is lowered by the injection of 1 unit of insulin is called the insulin sensitivity factor (also known as the correction factor) , and is calculated by dividing the constant 1700 by the Total Daily Dose (TDD) of rapid acting insulin or dividing the constant 1500 by the Total Daily Dose of ...

What is VCF in oil and gas? The Volume Correction Factor (VCF) is a unit conversion factor used in the petroleum industry to adjust the volume of hydrocarbons measured at one temperature to the volume that would be measured at standard temperature and pressure (STP).

What is the formula for fuel correction factor? The density of fuel should be corrected using an appropriate temperature correction factor obtained from ASTM Petroleum Table 54B or equivalent or computer software incorporating these tables or the formula: Corrected density = Density (in the air) at 150C X [1- {(T0C – 150C) X 0.00065}], where T0C is the temperature ...

How to calculate the corrected volume? Answer. Final answer: The combined gas law can be used to calculate the "corrected" volume of hydrogen at standard temperature and pressure (STP) by using the formula $P_1V_1/T_1 = P_2V_2/T_2$. Remember to convert temperature to Kelvin and ensure that pressure units are consistent.

What is the fuel correction factor? correction factor $e(.)$ of fuel consumption is a decreasing function of ϕ and is always greater than or equal to one. It represents the increase of friction and, as a consequence, the increase of fuel injected per cycle under low engine temperature conditions (see Figure 1).

What is the limit of correction factor? The correction factor is typically between 0.5 and 1. ...

What is the ideal CTL? A very general rule is that a good CTL score is about 65-70 or more to have a solid fitness for your event. Cat 1-2's should be at 90 or more, and World Tour Pro's often exceed 150. The same goes for Strava Fitness Scores: a good Strava Fitness Score is 65-70 for an amateur racer, or someone attending a gran fondo.

What is the correction factor rule? Correction factor This is a measure of how powerful one unit of insulin is in your body. The correction factor is used to work out how much extra insulin you need to give when your BGL is above target. For example, a correction factor of 2 means that 1 unit of insulin should lower your BGL by 2mmol/L.

What is the Manual of petroleum Measurement Standards? The API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS) is the authoritative document on crude measurement for measurement professionals. The document outlines the important elements throughout the process of moving crude oil from the wellhead to the

refinery.

How do you calculate API? $141.5 \div \text{Specific Gravity} - 131.5 = \text{API Gravity}$ API gravity can also tell us whether the fluid will float or sink in the water. If API gravity is less than 10 it will sink in water; higher than 10 and it will float.

What is API measurement in oil and gas? The American Petroleum Institute gravity, or API gravity, is a measure of how heavy or light a petroleum liquid is compared to water: if its API gravity is greater than 10, it is lighter and floats on water; if less than 10, it is heavier and sinks.

What is the 100 rule for correction factor? There are guidelines for the correction of blood glucose levels known as the 100 Rule. By dividing the amount of insulin you take each day into 100 you will get an estimate of how much 1 unit of rapid acting insulin will affect your blood glucose levels.

What is the formula for correction factor in calibration? To calculate a correction factor, you need to first determine the difference between the observed value and the expected value. Then, divide this difference by the expected value. The resulting value is the correction factor.

What is the formula for correction factor in fluid mechanics? Explanation: Kinetic energy correction factor(?): It is defined as the ratio of kinetic energy/second based on actual velocity to the kinetic energy/second based on average velocity. $\alpha = \frac{1}{A} \int_A v^3 dA$

What is the formula for correction factor? First, determine the observed value (OV). Next, determine the true value (TV). Use the formula $CF = TV / OV$ to calculate the correction factor (CF). Finally, apply the correction factor to the observed value to get the corrected value.

What is oil volume factor? The oil formation volume factor, B_o , is defined as the ratio of the volume of oil (plus the gas in solution) at the prevailing reservoir temperature and pressure to the volume of oil at standard conditions. B_o is always greater than or equal to unity.

What is the ASTM 54B table? ASTM Table 54B. (Extracts or complete) Gives the conversion factor of volumes and densities as a function of the density at 15 ° C. Applies exclusively to refined petroleum products.

What is VCF and WCF? In this case, we need to get the volume correction factor (VCF) to convert the volume. at the observed temperature to the standard volume which is volume at 15 Deg C or. Volume at 60 F respectively. We then need to apply the weight correction factor (WCF) to convert the standard. volume to weight.

What is the volume correction equation? Volume Correction in Van der Waals Equation: When the ideal gas equation $PV=RT$ was derived the following assumptions were made: The volume which is occupied by the gas molecules is negligible when compared with the total volume of the gas. No force is exerted by the molecules on one another.

What is the volume correction factor in bunkering? T = temperature of oil in bunker tanks in degree Celsius, $0.00064 = \text{Correction factor}^{**}$

How do you calculate corrected volume? The combined gas law can be used to calculate the "corrected" volume of hydrogen at standard temperature and pressure (STP) by using the formula $P_1V_1/T_1 = P_2V_2/T_2$. Remember to convert temperature to Kelvin and ensure that pressure units are consistent.

LABOR CODE OF THE REPUBLIC OF AZERBAIJAN

REPUBLIC

What is the Labor Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan? The Labor Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan shall govern labor relations between employees and employers, as well as other legal relations derived from such relations between them and relevant national authorities and entities.

What is the Migration Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan? Migration Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan establishes norms concerning implementation of the state policy in the sphere of migration in the Republic of Azerbaijan, regulation of migration processes and relations arising in this sphere and legal status of foreigners and stateless persons in the Republic of Azerbaijan ...

What is Article 16 of the Migration Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan? 6 and 16.1. 7 of this Code, entry of foreigners and stateless persons to the Republic of Azerbaijan shall be prohibited for 5 years.

Are you legally entitled to work in Azerbaijan? Defining the Work Permit The State Migration Service of Azerbaijan oversees the issuance of these permits. Foreign individuals over the age of 18 must secure a work permit through a registered employer to legally work in Azerbaijan.

What is the minimum salary in Azerbaijan? The minimum wage for employees in Azerbaijan is typically 2.20 AZN per hour, amounting to ~345 AZN per month for a typical 40 hour work week.

What is the rule of Azerbaijan? Azerbaijan is nominally a semi-presidential republic, with the President of Azerbaijan as the head of state, and the Prime Minister of Azerbaijan as head of government. Executive power is exercised by the president and the government.

What language is spoken in Azerbaijan? The primary and official language of Azerbaijan is Azerbaijani, a Turkic language closely related to and partially mutually intelligible with Modern Turkish. Together with Turkish, Turkmen and Gagauz, Azerbaijani is a member of Oghuz branch of southwestern group Turkic language family.

What are residents of Azerbaijan called? The modern ethnonym "Azerbaijani" or "Azeri" refers to the Turkic peoples of Iran's northwestern historic region of Azerbaijan (also known as Iranian Azerbaijan) and the Republic of Azerbaijan. They historically called themselves or were referred to by others as Muslims and/or Turks.

Who is a citizen of the Republic of Azerbaijan? The Right for Citizenship According to Article 52 of the Constitution of the Azerbaijan Republic, a citizen of the Azerbaijan Republic is a person who belongs to the Azerbaijan State and has legal and political ties, as well as mutual rights and obligations to it (State).

Why is Article 16 important? Article 16 also entitles men and women to equal rights during marriage and at its dissolution. This guarantee highlights both the far-sighted and aspirational character of the UDHR and the centrality of the principle of

equality.

What is Section 17 of the Migration Act? (1) The Minister may, in writing, declare a specified flight by an aircraft on a specified day between a specified foreign country and Australia to be a pre - cleared flight for the purposes of this Act.

What is Section 116 of the Migration Act? Section 116 of the Migration Act 1958 ('the Act') grants the Minister and his delegates broad powers in cancelling a visa. Common uses of this section surround cancellation due to: Providing incorrect information for your current visa. A change in circumstances which was relied upon when granting the visa.

How long can a US citizen stay in Azerbaijan? The Azerbaijan eVisa you receive in your inbox will allow you to stay in Azerbaijan for up to 30 days in total and provides a Single entry. Keep in mind, however, that if your stay exceeds 10 days, you must also register your trip with the State Migration Service once you arrive in the country.

Is Azerbaijan open to US citizens? Travelers need a visa to visit Azerbaijan for Business or Tourism. An Azerbaijan eVisa allows travelers to obtain a visa for Azerbaijan. Travelers can submit their applications and supporting documents online. Once the application is approved, travelers receive their eVisa confirmation electronically.

What human rights are being violated in Azerbaijan? Other significant human rights issues included credible reports of: unlawful or arbitrary killing; torture and cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment by members of the security forces; harsh and sometimes life-threatening prison conditions; arbitrary detention; political prisoners; politically motivated ...

What is the average income in Azerbaijan in USD? As of recent figures, the average monthly salary in Azerbaijan is reportedly around 700 AZN (approximately 410 USD using current exchange rates). This figure can provide a generalized snapshot but does not encapsulate the full spectrum of wages experienced across different sectors, regions, and levels of expertise.

Is Azerbaijan cheap to live in? Cost of living in Azerbaijan is, on average, 54.3% lower than in United States. Rent in Azerbaijan is, on average, 78.9% lower than in United States.

Can a foreigner get a job in Azerbaijan? To live and work in Azerbaijan, foreign nationals will need both a temporary residence permit and a work permit. The duration is the same for each of these permits, and the required documents for both are submitted together.

Is Christianity legal in Azerbaijan? The constitution stipulates the separation of religion and state and the equality of all religions before the law. It also protects the right of individuals to express their religious beliefs and to practice religious rituals, provided these do not violate public order or public morality.

Is Azerbaijan a rich or poor country? The country is considered an upper-middle income nation possessing a high level of economic development and literacy.

Does Azerbaijan have women's rights? Voting rights Universal suffrage was introduced in Azerbaijan in 1918 by the Azerbaijan Democratic Republic, thus making Azerbaijan the first Muslim-majority country ever to enfranchise women.

What is the Labour force of Azerbaijan? Labor force, total in Azerbaijan was reported at 5473196 in 2023, according to the World Bank collection of development indicators, compiled from officially recognized sources. Azerbaijan - Labor force, total - actual values, historical data, forecasts and projections were sourced from the World Bank on August of 2024.

What are the working conditions in Azerbaijan? The standard working week in Azerbaijan is set at 40 hours. The maximum daily working hours cannot exceed 8 hours. A five-day workweek with two rest days is the norm. In specific industries, employers can implement a six-day workweek, but with adjustments to daily working hours to maintain the 40-hour weekly limit.

What is the land code of the Republic of Azerbaijan? The Land Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan aims to regulate land relations in the Republic of Azerbaijan arising on the basis of application of different types of land ownership, exercise of the land-related responsibilities of owners, users and lessees of land, protection of

their right to land, creation of relevant ...

How much is severance pay in Azerbaijan? Redundancy or Liquidation Termination by Employer 1 to 5 years of service: At least 1.4 times the monthly salary. 5 to 10 years of service: At least 1.7 times the monthly salary. More than 10 years of service: At least twice the monthly salary.

CANADIAN BUSINESS AND THE LAW 4TH EDITION

What is the Canadian law book called? Canadian Law: An Introduction, 8th Edition, is a core text for any introductory overview course offered in universities and colleges across the country.

What is business law in Canada? Business law provides a framework that enables businesses to operate in an environment that is efficient and functional through the enforcement of contract and property rights.

What is the most important law in Canada called? The Constitution is the supreme law of Canada; all other laws must be consistent with the rules set out in it. If they are not, they may not be valid. Since the Charter is part of the Constitution, it is the most important law we have in Canada.

What are the four types of law in Canada?

What is the legal system of business in Canada? Common law and civil law traditions The Canadian legal system is based on the common law tradition of the United Kingdom.

What is the legal structure of business in Canada? There are four main business structures in Canada: — Sole proprietorship – You are the business and own 100% of it. — Partnership – There are two or more owners of the business. — Corporation – The business is a legal entity separate from its shareholders.

Who regulates businesses in Canada? Depending on the product or service you are offering or where your business is located, you may need to meet regulation standards from any or all of the following: Federal government. Provincial governments. Municipal governments.

What is the Canadian legal system called? The legal system of Canada is pluralist: its foundations lie in the English common law system (inherited from its period as a colony of the British Empire), the French civil law system (inherited from its French Empire past), and Indigenous law systems developed by the various Indigenous Nations.

What is the Canadian law Encyclopedia? In Canada, there are two legal encyclopedias: the Canadian Encyclopedic Digest (CED) and Halsbury's Laws of Canada (Halsbury's).

Where can I read Canadian laws? Once passed into law, all federal legislation can be found on Justice Laws Website. You can find news releases and backgrounders which explain legislation introduced in Parliament by Minister of Justice on our News page. The Department of Justice publishes a Charter Statement for every new government bill introduced.

What is the Canadian version of White Pages?

ACI COMMITTEE 544 AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE

ACI Standards for Concrete Testing**

The American Concrete Institute (ACI) is the leading authority for the development and dissemination of concrete-related standards. These standards provide guidance on concrete testing, design, construction, and maintenance.

Purpose of the American Concrete Institute (ACI)

ACI's mission is to advance the knowledge, dissemination of information, and adoption of best practices in concrete construction. It promotes the use of high-quality, sustainable, and durable concrete for all types of construction applications.

ACI Code

The ACI Code, also known as ACI 318, is the primary standard for the design and construction of concrete buildings and structures. It provides comprehensive

requirements for the design and detail of concrete structures, including reinforcement, loads, and materials.

ACI Code for Fiber Reinforced Concrete

ACI 544 is the code for fiber reinforced concrete (FRC). FRC contains fibers that enhance its tensile strength, ductility, and crack resistance. The code provides guidelines for the design and construction of FRC structures.

ACI Specification

ACI specifications are detailed documents that provide guidance on specific concrete-related topics. For example, ACI 301 is the specification for structural concrete, and ACI 306 is the specification for cold weather concreting.

ACI Certified

ACI certification programs recognize individuals who demonstrate a high level of knowledge and competence in concrete design, construction, or testing. These certifications include:

- ACI Concrete Construction Inspector (ACI-CCI)
- ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician (ACI-CFTT)
- ACI Concrete Strength Testing Technician (ACI-CSTT)

Why Do We Need ACI?

ACI standards are essential for the safety and quality of concrete construction. They help ensure that concrete structures meet specific performance criteria, including strength, durability, and fire resistance.

Who Uses ACI?

ACI standards are used by architects, engineers, contractors, inspectors, and other professionals involved in the design, construction, and inspection of concrete structures.

What is ACI and How It Works?

ACI is a technical society that develops and disseminates information on concrete. It does this through:

- Publishing standards, codes, and specifications
- Organizing conferences and workshops
- Providing training and certification programs
- Conducting research and developing new technologies

What is ACI in Civil Engineering?

ACI is a key organization in civil engineering. Its standards and publications are widely used in the design, construction, and maintenance of concrete infrastructure, including bridges, buildings, and dams.

What Does ACI Stand For?

ACI stands for American Concrete Institute.

What is the Latest ACI Code?

ACI 318-22 is the latest version of the ACI Code, published in 2022.

What is the Minimum Reinforcement in Concrete ACI?

ACI 318 requires a minimum reinforcement of 0.25% of the gross cross-sectional area of the concrete for flexural members.

What is ACI for Mass Concrete?

ACI 301 provides guidance on the design and construction of mass concrete structures, which are concrete structures that have a large thermal mass.

What is the ACI Code for High Strength Concrete?

ACI 363 is the code for high-strength concrete (HSC). HSC has a compressive strength of 6,000 psi (41 MPa) or higher.

Which ACI Code is Use for Concrete Strength Test?

ACI 318-22 Appendix D provides guidelines for concrete strength testing.

What is the ACI 318 Standard?

ACI 318 is the standard for the design and construction of concrete buildings and structures.

What is the ACI 530 Standard?

ACI 530 is the standard for structural concrete with fiber reinforcement.

What Standards are Followed for Testing of Concrete?

ACI 318-22 Appendix D, ASTM C39, and ASTM C109 are commonly used standards for testing the compressive strength of concrete.